

FUTure PRopulsion and INTEgration towards a hybrid-electric 50-seat regional aircraft

Case Study on Hybrid-Electric Aircraft Designs Enabled by an Enhanced SUAVE Version

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Regional Aircraft – Top Level Aircraft Requirements

Top-Level Aircraft Requirements	Value
Entry into service	2035
No. of passengers	≤ 50
Maximum Range	800 km
Design Payload	5300 kg
Reduction of CO ₂ emissions	≥ 75 % vs. ATR-42
Reduction of NO _x emissions	≥ 90 % vs. ATR-42
Reduction of Noise emissions	≥ 65 % vs. ATR-42

Conventional Aircraft



“unlimited” range



local emissions

Pure Battery-Electric Aircraft



severely limited range



no local emissions

Regional Aircraft – Top Level Aircraft Requirements

Conventional Aircraft



“unlimited” range



local emissions

Pure Battery-Electric Aircraft



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no local emissions



Hybrid-Electric Aircraft

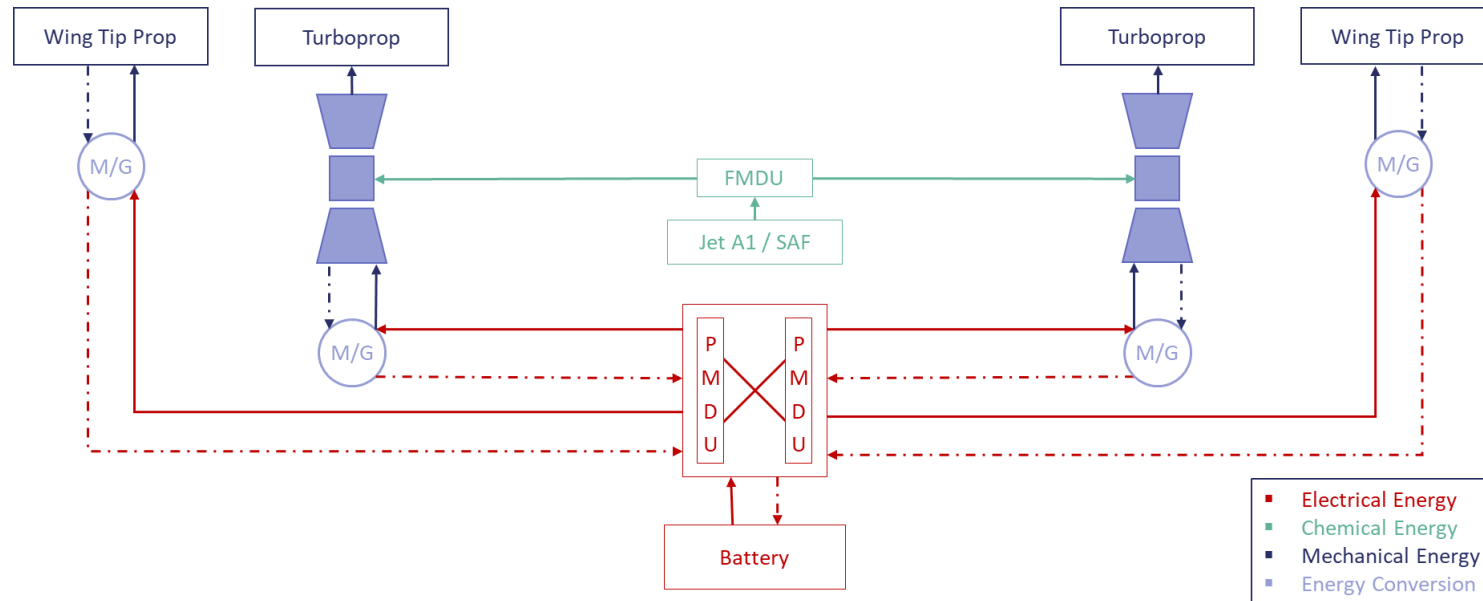


acceptable range



reduced local emissions

Hybrid-Electric Aircraft Architecture



EMS	Power	Energy Source
Variant 1		Always powered by battery
Variant 2	All electric motors at max. power during T/O, climb and cruise	T/O & Climb powered by battery Cruise powered by gas turbine
Variant 3		Always by gas turbine

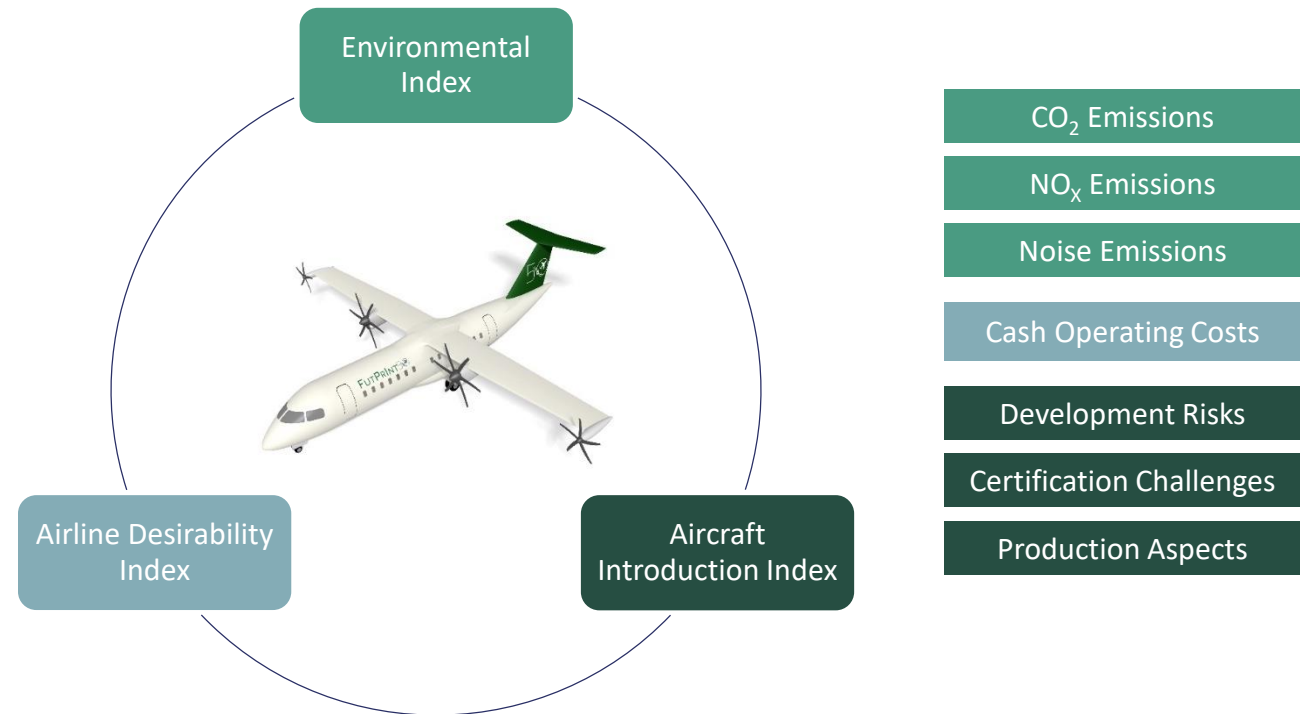
Case Study

Investigated Parameters:

- Hybridization of installed power
- Energy Management Strategies (EMS)
- Battery technology level
- Cruise speed and altitude

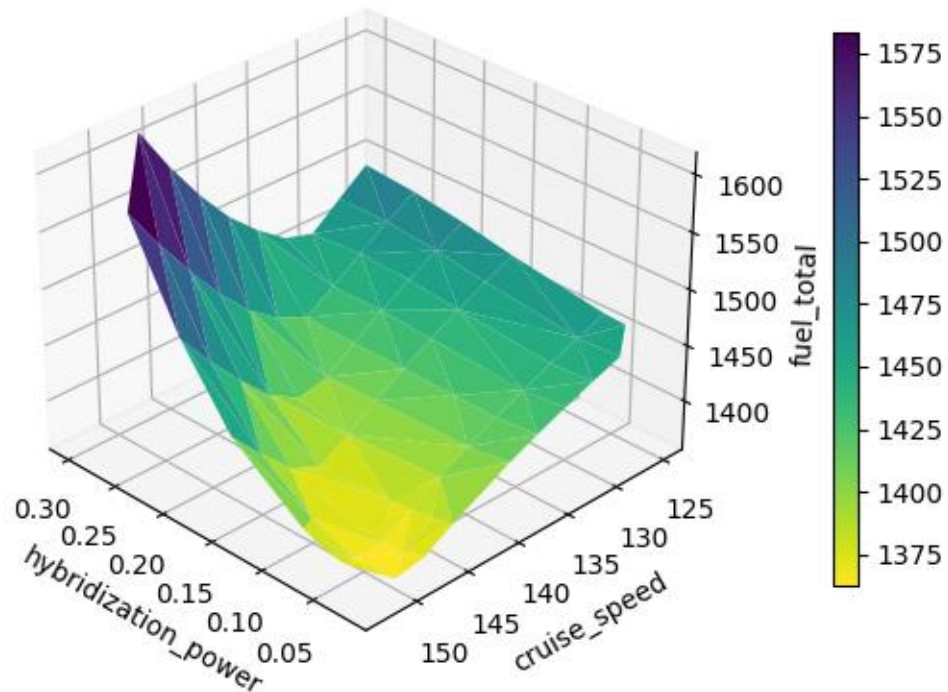
Figure(s) of Merit:

- Fulfillment of TLARs
- MTOM
- Performance: fuel consumption, emissions ...

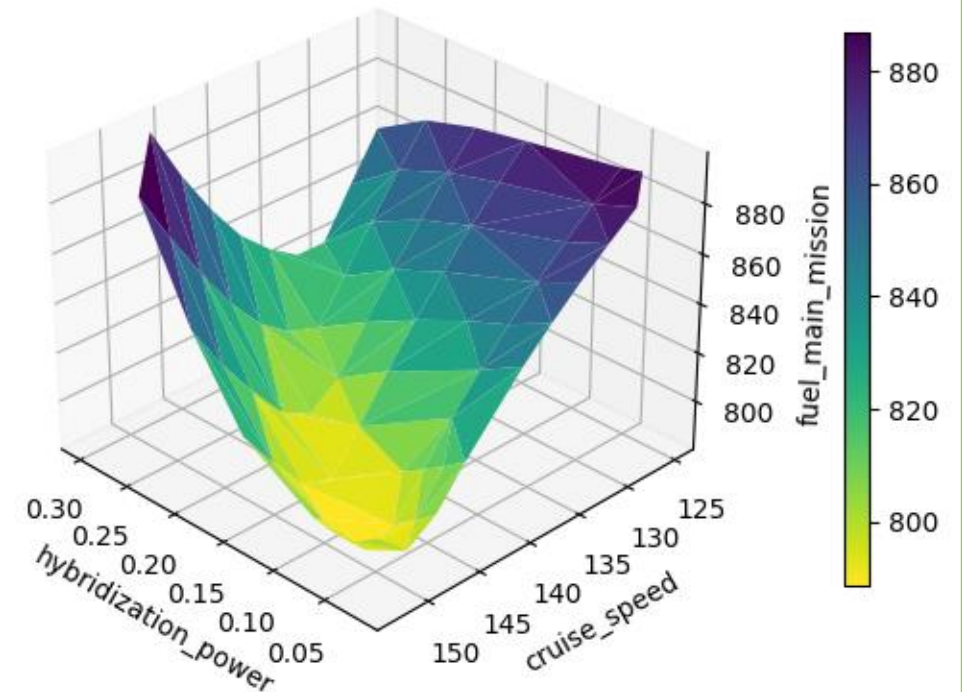


What mission to investigate?

Total Fuel Burn



Fuel Burn Main Mission



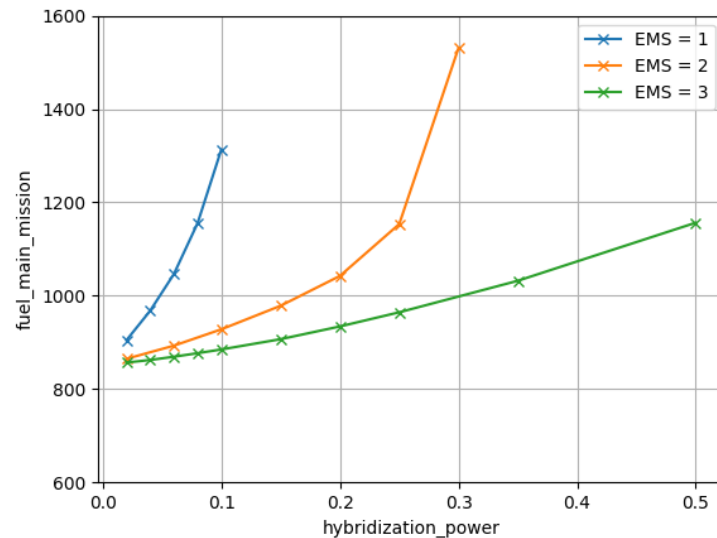
Results – Fuel Burn

Variations on:

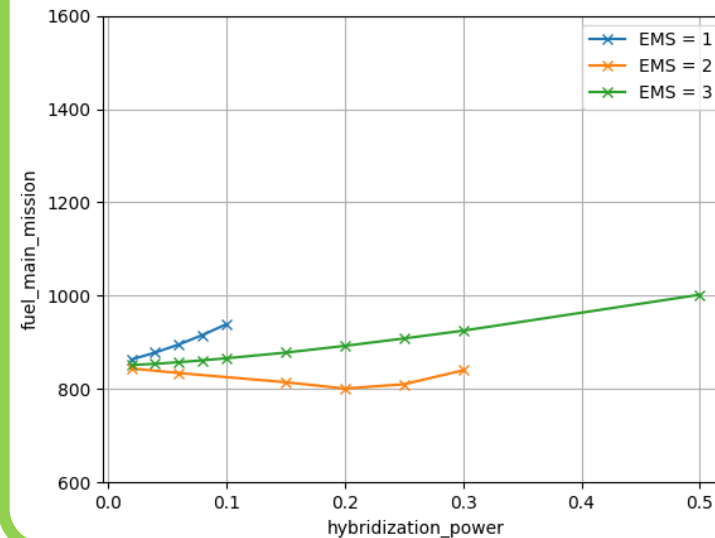
- Energy Management Strategies (EMS)
- Hybridization of Power
- Battery Technology

EMS	Power	Energy Source
Variant 1		Always powered by battery
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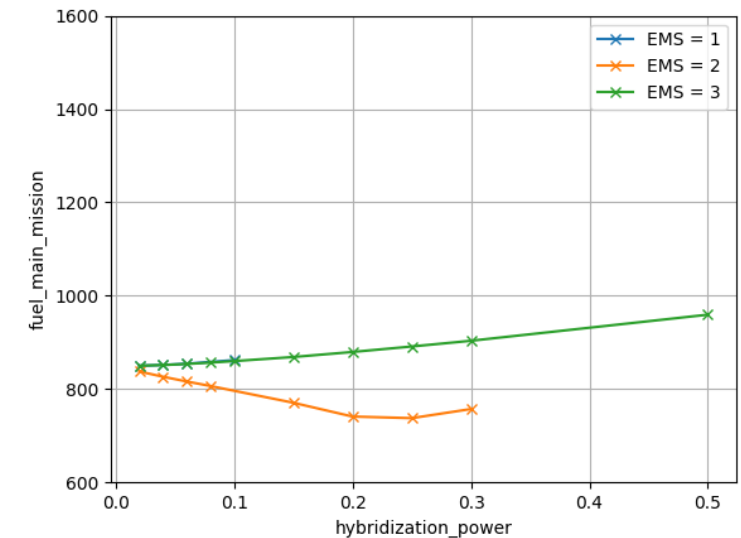
Today's Battery Technology



+ 100 % Improvement

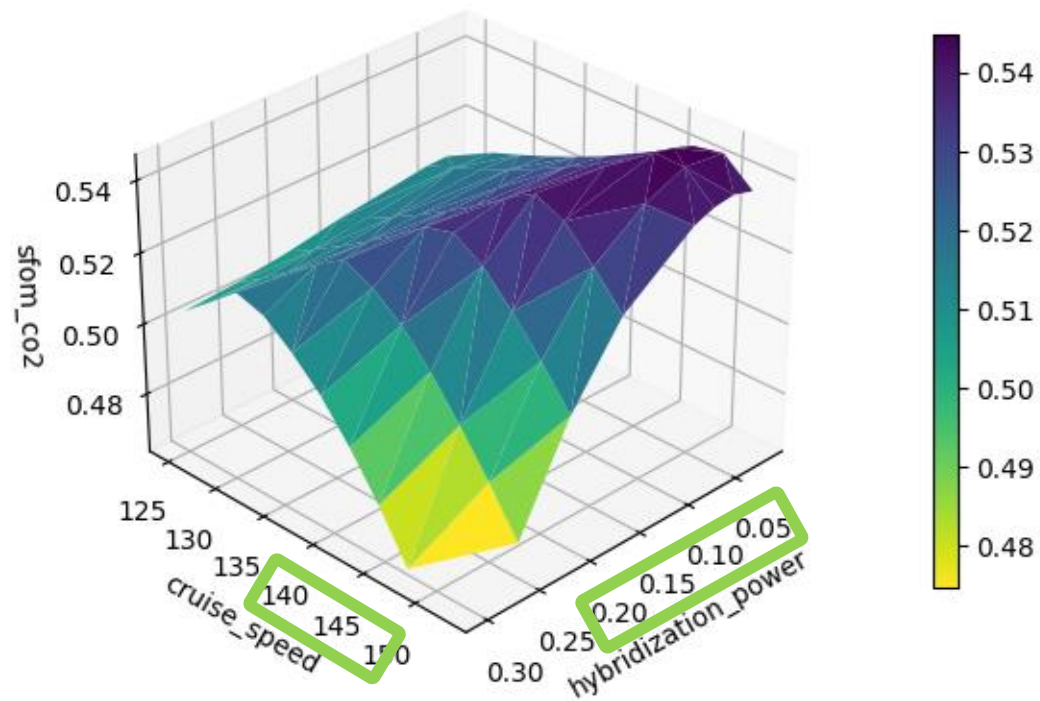


+ 200 % Improvement

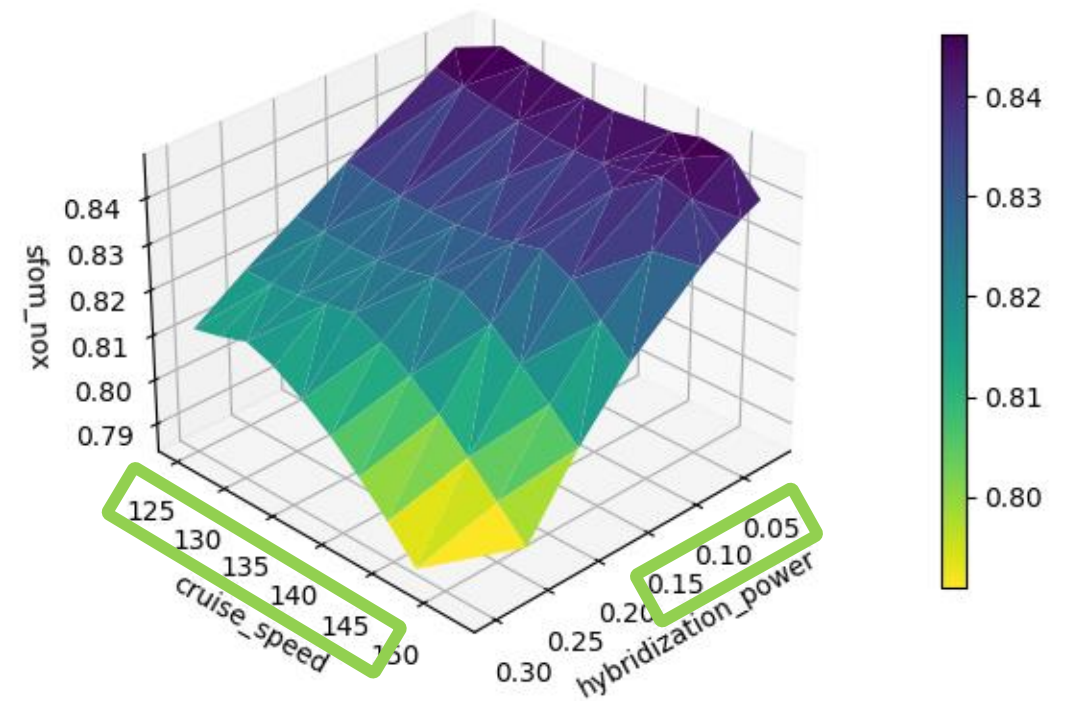


Results – Global Warming Potential

CO₂ Global Warming Potential

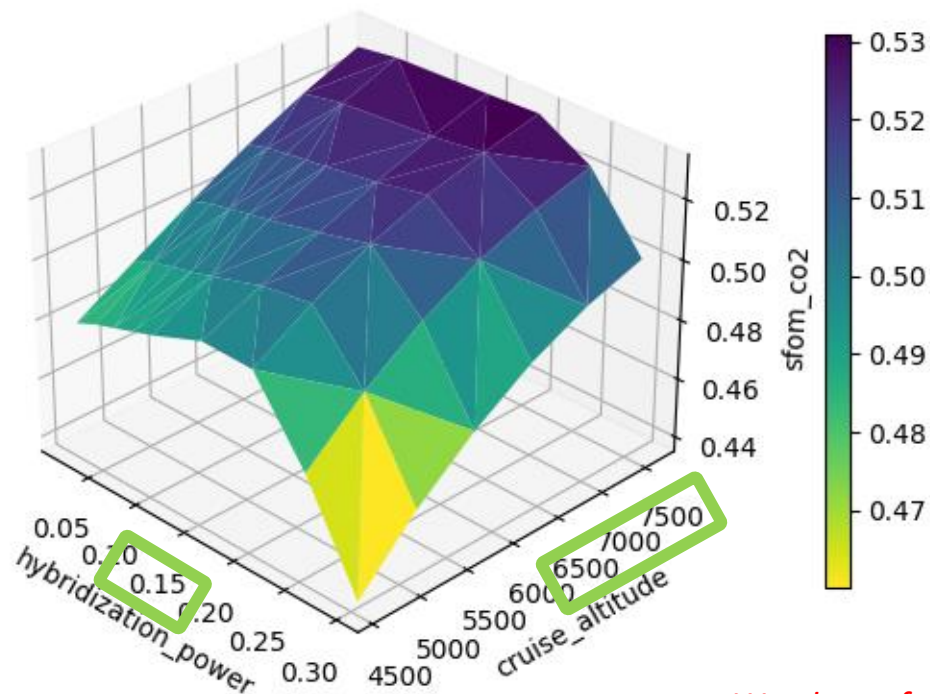


NO_x Global Warming Potential

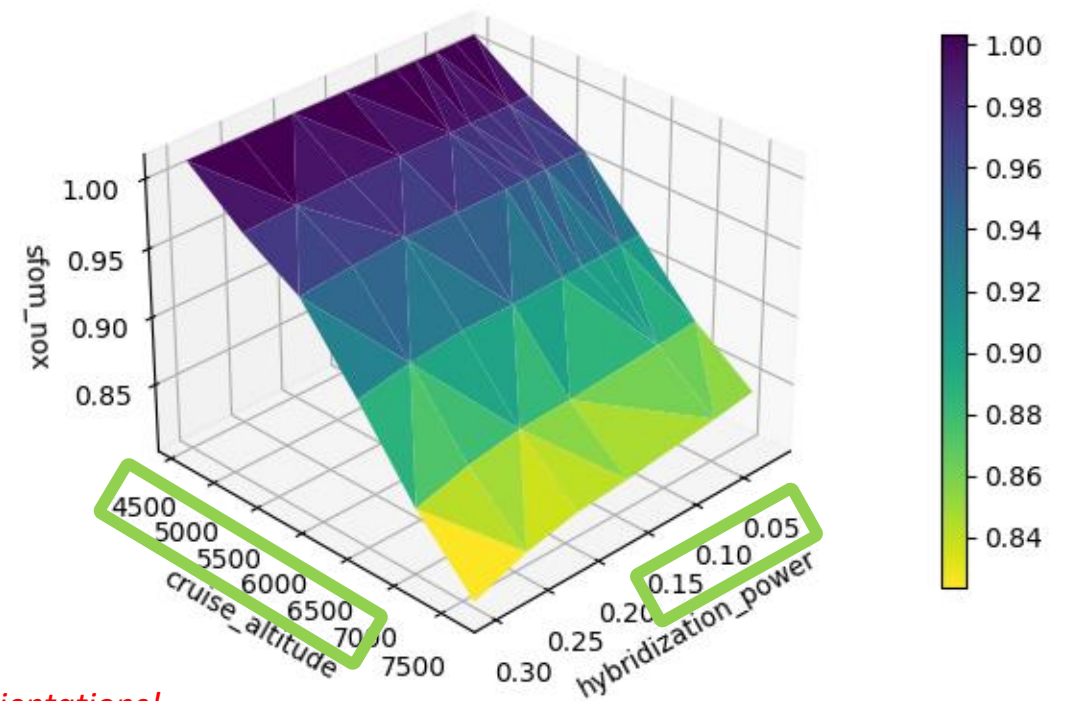


Results – Global Warming Potential

CO₂ Global Warming Potential



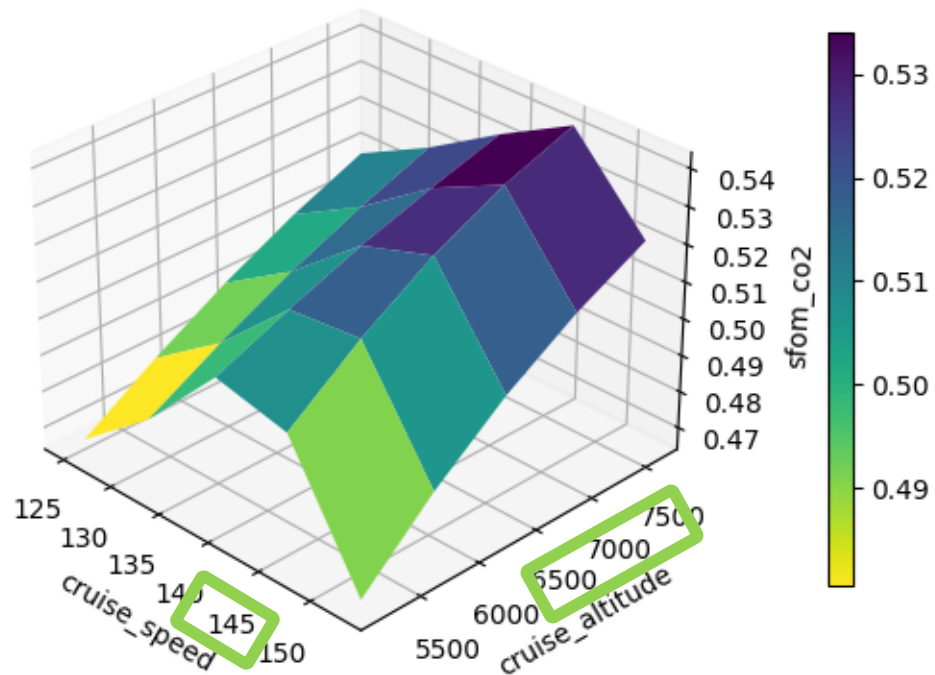
NO_x Global Warming Potential



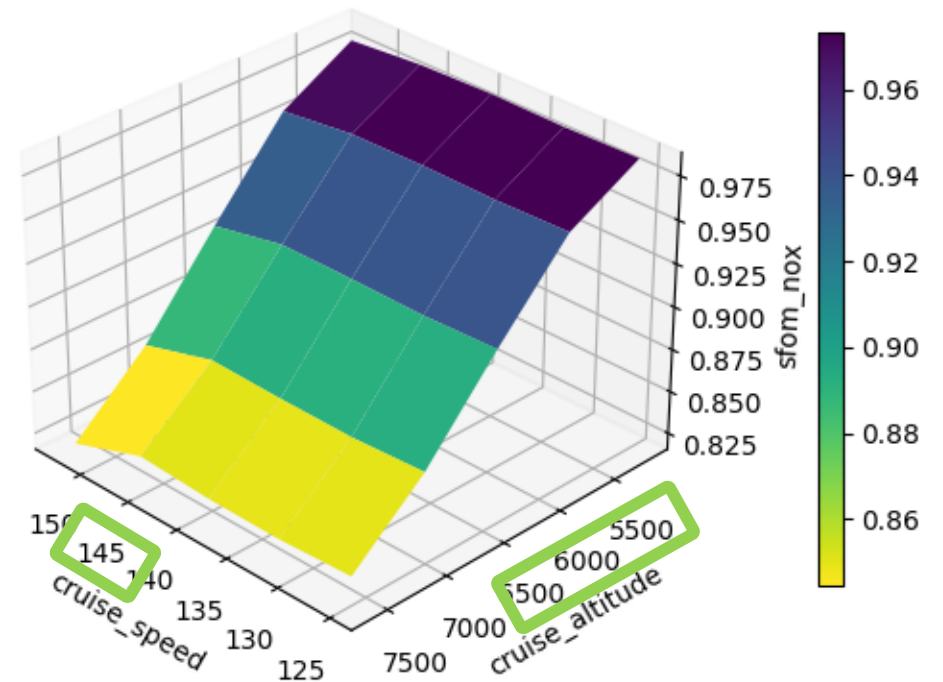
Watch out for axis orientations!

Results – Global Warming Potential

CO₂ Global Warming Potential



NO_x Global Warming Potential



Watch out for axis orientations!

“Optimal Design”

Key Facts

MTOM	22800 kg
Hybridization of power	15 %
Cruise speed	525 km/h
Cruise altitude	21000 ft
Overall installed power	4300 kW
Fuel burn main mission	830 kg
Battery mass	1600 kg
Specific energy	337 Wh/kg
Specific power	465 W/kg
Mean L/D in cruise	14.8 -



→ Additional EMS and/or change in aircraft architecture

Next Steps ...

- Implement enhanced analyses models to capture (sub-)system interactions
 - e.g. electric motor and thermal management system
 - e.g. battery SoH and influence on aircraft mass/emissions
 - e.g. flight trajectory and energy harvesting
- Improve convergence, figure of merit, ...
- Perform additional case studies on different aircraft and subsystem parameters



Greening tomorrow's aviation

through disruptive aircraft electrification
technologies & international collaboration



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